ECE 2400 / ENGRD 2140 Computer Systems Programming Course Overview

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http://www.csl.cornell.edu/courses/ece2400



ECE 2400 / ENGRD 2140 Computer Systems Programming

What is Computer Systems Programming?

Course Logistics

Applications vs. Technology



Applications vs. Technology



The Computer Systems Stack



In its broadest definition, computer engineering is the development of the abstraction/implementation layers that allow us to execute information processing applications efficiently using available manufacturing technologies

Python for Application-Level Programming



- High-level, userfacing software
- Enable productively developing applications that provide new functionality to
- Enable productively collecting. analyzing, visualizing data
- Sometimes called a productivity-level language

C/C++ for System-Level Programming



Dynamically Interpreted vs. Statically Compiled



Computer Systems Programming is Diverse



Aside: C/C++ for Application-Level Software



A Tale of Two Programming Languages

Python Programming Language

- Introduced: 1991
- Most of the machine details are hidden from programmer
- Programmer gives up some control for improved productivity
- Easily supports multiple programming paradigms
- Extensive standard library is included
- Slow and memory inefficient

C/C++ Programming Language

- Introduced: 1972(C), 1979(C++)
- Most of the machine details are exposed to the programmer
- Programmer is in complete control for improved efficiency
- Easily supports multiple programming paradigms
- More limited standard library is included
- Fast and memory efficient

Comparing the Popularity of Python vs. C/C++

Rank	Language	Туре			Score
1	Python~	(Ţ	0	100.0
2	Java~		Ţ		95.4
3	C~		Ţ	٥	94.7
4	C++~		Ţ	٥	92.4
5	JavaScript~	⊕			88.1
6	C#~	۲	Ţ	٥	82.4

The 2021 Top Programming Languages, IEEE Spectrum

Comparing the Performance of Python vs. C/C++



The Computer Language Benchmarks Game

Program = Algorithm + Data Structure

While this course covers C/C++ and system-level programming, this course also builds off of your prior programming experience to further develop your understanding of algorithms and data structures



- Algorithm: Clear set of steps to solve any problem instance in a particular class of problems
- Data Structure: Way of efficiently organizing and storing data along with operations for accessing and manipulating this data



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ECE 2400 Within the Engineering Curriculum



ECE 2400 is also an ENGRD and thus satisfies the engineering distribution requirement

ECE 2400 can be an excellent way to generally incorporate programming into your non-ECE engineering curriculum

Course Objectives

- describe a variety of algorithms and data structures and how to analyze these algorithms and data structures in terms of time and space complexity
- apply the C/C++ programming languages to implement algorithms and data structures using different programming paradigms
- evaluate algorithm and data structure alternatives and make a compelling qualitative and/or quantitative argument for one approach
- create non-trivial C/C++ programs (roughly 1,000 lines of code) and the associated testing strategy from an English language specification
- write concise yet comprehensive technical reports that describe a program implemented in C/C++, explain the testing strategy used to verify functionality, and evaluate the program to characterize its performance and memory usage

Course Structure

Part 1: Procedural Programming

introduction to C; variables; expressions; functions; conditional & iteration statements; recursion; static types; pointers; arrays; dynamic allocation

Part 2: Basic Algorithms and Data Structures

lists; vectors; complexity analysis; sorting algorithms: insertion, selection, merge, quick, radix; ADTs: stacks, queues, priority queues, sets, maps

Part 3: Multi-Paradigm Programming

transition to C++; namespaces; flexible function prototypes; references; exceptions; new/delete; object oriented programming: C++ classes and inheritance for dynamic polymorphism; generic programming: C++ templates for static polymorphism; concurrent programming: C++ threads and atomics

Part 4: More Algorithms and Data Structures

 trees (binary search trees; binary heaps); tables (lookup tables; hash tables); graphs (DFS, BFS, shortest path, minimum spanning trees)

zyBook: Interactive, Online Textbook

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Q Search zyBook	↑1.1 Programming (general)						
About this Material							
1) Topic 1: Introduction to C 🖍							
1.1 Programming (general)							
1.2 Programming basics	1.2 Programming basics						
1.3 Comments and whitespace							
1.4 Errors and warnings	A first program						
1.5 Variables and assignments (general) Options	A simple C program appears below. A program starts in main(), executing the statements within main's braces (), one at a time. Each statement twiceling appears alone on a line and ends with a semicolon, as English sentences end with a period. 						
1.6 Variables (int)							
1.7 Identifiers							
1.8 Arithmetic expressions (general)	The int wage statement creates an integer variable named wage. The wage = 20 statement assigns wage with 20. The prinit statements output various values. The revuint 0 statement ends the program (the 0 tells the operating system the program ended without error).						
1.9 Arithmetic expressions (int)							
1.10 Example: Health data	The following code (explained later) at the top of a file enables the program to get input and put output:						
1.11 If-else branches Optional (general)	finalude <atd>></atd>						
1.12 If-else							
1.13 Equality and relational operators	ACTIVITY 1.2.1: Program execution begins with main, then proceeds one statement at a time.						
1.14 Logical operators							
1.15 Example: Toll calculation	Start 2x speed						
1.16 Loops (general) Optional							
1.17 Switch statements	#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>						
1.18 While loops	int main (void) (

ECE 2400

Course Overview

Likely Programming Assignments

PA1–3: Fundamentals

- PA1: Math functions
- PA2: List and Vector Data Structures
- PA3: Sorting Algorithms

PA4–5: Handwriting Recognition System

- PA5: Linear vs. Binary Searching
- PA5: Trees vs. Tables

Every programming assignment involves

- C/C++ "agile" programming
- State-of-the-art tools for build systems, version control, continuous integration, code coverage
- Performance measurement
- Short technical report

Spring 2025 Tweaks

- Two-phased Prelims:
 - part 1: by yourself
 - part 2: in groups
 - ▷ your prelim score will be a 90/10 weighted average
 - (but your group score cannot lower your grade)
- Who makes these groups?
 - We do. (mostly random)
- How will I get to know my group?
 - a few in-class activities/quizzes
 - b these will be announced in advance

Frequently Asked Questions

- I have not taken CS 1110 nor CS 1112, can I take this class?
 - ▷ We assume some basic programming experience, discuss with instructor
- ECE Majors How does ECE 2400 satisfy degree requirements?
 - ECE 2400 can count as your second ENGRD course
 - ▷ ECE 2400 can count as an outside-ECE technical elective
 - ▷ ECE 2400 satisfies the ECE advanced programming requirement
- **CS Majors –** Can I use ECE 2400 in place of CS 2110?
 - Yes but you should probably take CS 2110
- ECE/CS Dual Majors Can I use ECE 2400 in place of CS 2110?
 Yes! (but it may delay your CS affiliation)
- CS Minors Can I use ECE 2400 in place of CS 2110?
 - Absolutely!

Frequently Asked Questions

- Other Majors How does ECE 2400 satisfy degree requirements?
 - ▷ ECE 2400 can count as one of your two required ENGRD courses
 - CS 2110 and ECE 2400 are in the same ENGRD category, so you cannot use both of them as your two ENGRD courses
- Can I take both ECE 2400 and CS 2110?
 - Sure! (recall popularity and performance data)





Take-Away Points

- Computer systems programming involves developing software to connect the low-level computer hardware to high-level, user-facing application software and usually requires careful consideration of performance and resource constraints
- We are entering an exciting era where computer systems programming will play a critical role in enabling both cloud computing and the internet-of-things